In the Claims

- (Currently Amended) A hydrophobic chemical mechanical planarization (HCMP) pad comprising: an organic polymer; and
- a metal agent, wherein the metal agent includes at least one a metal β-diketonate ligand B-diketonate.

wherein the pad is useful for planarizing a semiconductor wafer.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1 wherein said organic polymer comprises is one of [[,]] a polyurethane[[,]] or a polyether based material.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The HCMP pad of claim 1 wherein said organic polymer is formed of a polyol and di-isocyanate.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The HCMP pad of claim 1 wherein said organic polymer is reactive with one of a polyfunctional amine, a diamine, a triamine, a polyfunctional hydroxyl, and a mixed functionality hydroxylamine.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1 further comprising a matrix material selected from the a group consisting of a melamine, a polyester, a polysulfone, polyvinyl polyrinyl acetate, and a fluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 6. (Cancelled)
- (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1 wherein the metal agent B-diketonate includes
 one of cobalt, palladium, nickel, zinc, titanium, zirconium, hafnium, and copper.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1 wherein the metal β -diketonate B-diketonate includes a side group selected from hydrogen, an aryl, a perfluoraryl, an alkyl, a perfluoroalkyl, and a t-butyl group.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1 for planarization of a semiconductor wafer, the planarization to isolate a metal feature in the semiconductor wafer wherein a metal feature on the semiconductor wafer is isolated during planarization.

- 10. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1 9 wherein said metal agent includes a metal compatible with a metal of the metal feature.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1, wherein said pad substantially retains 9 to substantially retain a planarization characteristic during the planarization.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The HCMP pad of claim 11 wherein the planarization characteristic is one of shearing, hardness, wearing, cross-linking, water uptake and electrical character.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1, wherein said pad 9 to avoid substantially avoids uptake of aqueous slurry during the planarization.
- 14,-17. (Cancelled)
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method comprising mixing an organic polymer and a metal agent to form a chemical mechanical planarization (CMP) material, wherein the metal agent includes at least one is a \$\beta\$-diketonate ligand \$\beta\$-diketonate.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18 further comprising: adding a foaming agent and a curing agent to the CMP material; reducing pressure around the CMP material; and heating the CMP material.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19 further comprising obtaining sawing a hydrophobic CMP pad from a log formed of the CMP material.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating a semiconductor device, said method comprising: providing a hydrophobic chemical mechanical planarization (HCMP) pad according to claim 1; and planarizing a the semiconductor device wafer with the HCMP pad during the fabrication of said device.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21 wherein the planarizing further comprises:

delivering an aqueous slurry to a surface of the HCMP pad;

moving the HCMP pad in a first direction; and

moving the semiconductor device wafer in a second direction different from the first direction.

- 23. (Withdrawn) A method of forming a chemical mechanical planarization (CMP) material[[:]] said method comprising[[:]] mixing components to form the CMP material wherein the CMP mixture consists essentially of comprises an organic polymer and a metal agent dissolved in an organic solvent.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23 further comprising: adding a foaming agent and a curing agent to the CMP material; reducing pressure around the CMP material; and heating the CMP material.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24 further comprising obtaining sawing a hydrophobic CMP pad from a log formed of the CMP material.
- 26. (Cancelled)
- 27. (Currently Amended) The HCMP pad of claim 1 wherein said organic polymer comprises is a urethane.
- 28. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the metal agent is dissolved in an organic solvent.
- 29. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the metal agent includes one of cobalt, palladium, nickel, zinc, titanium, zirconium, hafnium, and copper.
- 30. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the metal β -diketonate ligand includes a side group selected from hydrogen, an aryl, a perfluoraryl, an alkyl, a perfluoroalkyl, and a t-butyl group.
- 31. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the metal agent further includes at least one additional ligand comprising the formula -OR, wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an aryl, an alkyl, a perfluoroaryl, a perfluoroalkyl, and combinations thereof.

- 32. (New) The method of claim 23, wherein the metal agent includes one of cobalt, palladium, nickel, zinc, titanium, zirconium, hafnium, and copper.
- 33. (New) The method of claim 23, wherein the metal agent includes a β -diketonate ligand having a side group selected from the group consisting of t-butyl and perfluoroalkyl.
- 34. (New) The HCMP pad of claim 1 wherein the metal agent further includes at least one additional ligand comprising the formula -OR, wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an aryl, an alkyl, a perfluoroaryl, a perfluoroalkyl, and combinations thereof.